

ITALIAN BOATS SUNK BY TURKS

TWO TORPEDO SHIPS ARE REPORTED DESTROYED IN ATTACK ON DARDANELLES.

SIX OTHERS BADLY DAMAGED

King Immanuel's Vessels Try to Gain Constantinople Position, but Are Driven Off by Terrific Fire From Enemy's Forts.

Constantinople.—Eight Italian torpedo boats tried to run the Dardanelles, but were driven off by a terrific fire from the Turkish forts on shore. It was reported at the time that two of the boats were sunk.

The Italian "surprise" attack was attempted under cover of darkness about 2 o'clock in the morning. The torpedo vessels had not steamed far up the strait before they were revealed by a searchlight from one of the forts. A furious cannonade immediately began. Raked from both European and Asiatic shores, the flotilla quickly turned and fled at full speed back toward the Aegean Sea.

Few details of the engagement have been reported. The first account said two of the boats were sent to the bottom with all on board.

In additional reports the six other torpedo boats were said to have been badly damaged by the hail of Turkish shells.

Constantinople in Danger.

The run through the Dardanelles is one of about 40 miles between coasts from one to four miles apart. Had the Italian flotilla effected the passage it would have had the Turkish warships in the Sea of Marmora at its mercy and a bombardment of Constantinople, at the eastern end of the sea, would certainly have followed.

The government has decided to reduce the width of the free channel between the mine fields in the Dardanelles in order on the one hand to permit a continuance of navigation and on the other to increase the defenses of the straits.

WOMAN IS FREED OF MURDER

Mrs. Rene B. Morrow of Chicago Held Not Guilty of Killing Her Husband in 1911.

Chicago, Ill.—After being out three hours, the jury in the case of Mrs. Rene B. Morrow, charged with the murder of her husband by shooting, brought in a verdict of not guilty. Half crying and half laughing, Mrs. Morrow shouted:

"I knew it would be this way, I knew it would be this way."

She rose from her chair and after thanking each member of the jury, she left the court room accompanied by several friends. The verdict is said to have been reached on the third ballot.

The body of Charles B. Morrow was found on the back porch of the family residence the morning of December 27, 1911. He had been shot through the head and the heart and apparently had been dead several hours before the discovery of the body. At his side was found the revolver with which he had been shot.

CREATES NEW CABINET PLACE

Bill Passed by Lower Branch of Congress Provides for Secretary of Department of Labor.

Washington, D. C.—By an unanimous vote the Sulzer bill creating a department of labor with a secretary and cabinet member at its head, passed the house. It is to be carved out of the present department of commerce and labor, which is to be continued as the department of commerce. The plan has long been urged by organized labor and several times Mr. Sulzer has failed by a narrow margin to get it through the house.

In advocating the bill Mr. Sulzer insisted that it would give to labor its proper recognition in the government, that it would pave the way for a better understanding between capital and labor, that it would tend to avert strikes, lockouts and labor disputes, and that it would improve the general condition of labor.

Vote to Unseat Catlin.

Washington, D. C.—Representative Theron E. Catlin of Missouri, in a statement, characterized as a "monumental fraud" the action of the house committee on elections in voting to recommend that he be deprived of his seat in the house.

Elections committee No. 2 voted to unseat Representative Theron E. Catlin of St. Louis, Republican, and to seat former Representative Patrick Gill, Democrat. Mr. Catlin's campaign expenses were so great that the committee held his election corrupt.

Lightning Shaves Pet Cat.

New York City.—Theodore Roosevelt, a gray cat, is the household pet of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Wilmarth of Amityville, L. I.

At the height of the severe electrical storm Mrs. Wilmarth left her bed to close the windows in an adjoining room. Theodore Roosevelt was on the window seat near her bed. A bolt of lightning entered the window and landed with zest upon T. R., shaving his face of whiskers and hair, leaving it clean as a whistle, but otherwise not harming it.

HERMAN ROSENTHAL.



New York gambler informer, who was shot to death in the midst of a great Broadway crowd. It is said the police department is more or less involved in the matter.

HELD IN MURDER CASE

THREE MORE MEN ARE ARRESTED IN NEW YORK CITY.

Two Are Charged With Being Actually Implicated in Slaying of Herman Rosenthal.

New York City.—Three men were arrested and taken to police headquarters in connection with the murder of Herman Rosenthal, who was shot to death on the eve of making revelations of police graft. They were:

Louis ("Bridge") Webber of 193 Second avenue, gambler and proprietor of a gambling house at Forty-second street and Sixth avenue, charged with being actually implicated in the murder.

Sam Paul, Thirty-second street, gang leader and head of the Sam Paul association, composed chiefly of gamblers and notorious characters, charged with being actually implicated in the murder.

Jack Sullivan of Broadway and One Hundred and Forty-fourth street, manager of newsboys and friend of Sam Paul, Jack Rose, Police Lieutenant Becker, the late Herman Rosenthal and most of the other characters in the case. Held as a material witness. Sullivan's right name is John A. Rich.

The other prisoners who have thus far been taken by the police are:

Jack Rose, gambler, associate of gamblers, and friend of Lieutenant Becker.

Louis Libby, part owner of gray "murder car" used by slayers in their "getaway."

William Shapiro, part owner of the car and the man who actually drove it the night of the murder.

Deputy Commissioner Dougherty, although taking the attitude that the arrests he made were most vital in the clearing up of the case, refused to say what new evidence he had against Webber and Paul, or why he had delayed their arrest for nearly a week when he could have picked up both within a couple of hours after Rosenthal was shot. The arrests were made after a conference participated in by Dougherty, Inspector Edward Hughes and a third man who was not of the police force, but who represented a high place in the city government.

RICH OIL PRODUCER IS DEAD

Hon. Thomas W. Phillips Was Independent Republican and Served Two Terms in Congress.

New Castle, Pa.—Hon. Thomas W. Phillips, aged 79, multimillionaire oil producer, died here after two months' illness. He was worth \$4,000,000 and was the richest independent oil producer in the country.

He was an independent Republican and served in the Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth congresses, fathering the bill that created the bureau of corporations. He gave largely to religion and education and was a trustee of Hiram college.

John D. Punishes Cruel Husband. Tarrytown, N. Y.—John D. Rockefeller has suspended John Riley, foreman on his Pocantico Hills estate, for being cruel to his family.

Riley is not to be taken back by the oil king until he proves he can be a model husband.

Riley recently drove his wife and seven children, all under 12 years old, out of the house and they had to find shelter for the night elsewhere.

Severe Storm Kills and Damages.

New York City.—Severe rain storms, accompanied by high winds in some localities and involving loss of life at widely separated points, swept all New England down the coast as far as the Virginia Capes and westward to Pittsburgh, the heaviest rain-fall coming after noon. At Wilmington, Del., two persons were drowned; in New York a man was drowned on the roof of a 12-story building and in Pittsburgh one man met death. All told thousands of dollars' worth of property was destroyed.

HANFORD RESIGNS, HOUSE QUIZ ENDS

SEATTLE JUDGE QUILTS FEDERAL POSITION AND PROBERS VOTE TO CONCLUDE.

JURIST MAKES STATEMENT

Says Almost Constant Strain Under Which He Has Worked So Long Has Taxed but Not Exhausted Powers of Endurance.

Washington, D. C.—Chairman Henry D. Clayton of the house judiciary committee, announced that he considered unnecessary further impeachment proceedings against Federal Judge Hanford of Seattle, who has just resigned. Chairman Clayton declared that while congress has the power to try a federal official for impeachment even after he has resigned, he did not believe that course necessary in this case.

Hanford in his resignation to President Taft gave ill health as his reason.

Chairman Clayton instructed the subcommittee, now in Seattle taking testimony in the Hanford case, to discontinue its work. He received the following message from Representative Graham, chairman of the subcommittee:

Vote to Discontinue Quiz.

"Judge Hanford has just forwarded his resignation to the attorney general. We are not quite done taking testimony, but nearly so. The subcommittee is unanimously in favor of discontinuing the taking of further testimony."

In this statement Chairman Clayton cited the precedent of the case of Secretary of War Belknap, who was impeached and tried by the senate after his resignation had been accepted by President Grant. The articles of impeachment against Belknap failed to receive the necessary two-thirds vote in the senate. In the conclusion Mr. Clayton said:

Object Is Accomplished.

"The main object of the impeachment, being to get rid of an unfaithful officer, having been accomplished in this case by the resignation of Judge Hanford, it is true that he was unfaithful, there seems to be no necessity for impeaching him in order to disqualify him from hereafter holding any office of honor or profit under the United States. I take it that no president will ever appoint him, and no constituency would ever elect him to office of honor or profit. Of course, there will be no formal action on the part of the committee on the judiciary until a report is made by the subcommittee which I appointed to investigate the alleged misconduct of Judge Hanford."

Hanford's Statement.

Judge Hanford's statement to the public follows:

"The almost constant strain under which I have worked for more than 22 years has taxed but not exhausted my power of endurance. I am not likely to have a vacation of rest, but a change of occupation will be a welcome relief. I intend to practice law in Seattle. In the investigation which has been conducted by a subcommittee of the house of representatives much testimony has been given by witnesses who know me and by others who do not. I am grateful for the commendation of those who have spoken and written in my favor—and as for those who have maligned me, I only wish to say that I would be ashamed of myself if I had not incurred the enmity of such people as they are. A judge is never so sure of being right as when his work has been criticized unfairly. Without boasting, in view of all that has been and may be said of and concerning myself and my work, I am glad that my record is what it is."

REBUKES IRREVERENT SOLONS

Minister Says Thirteen Lawmakers Chewed Tobacco During Opening Prayer in U. S. Senate.

Patchogue Depot, N. Y.—Rev. L. H. Johnston of the Patchogue Congregational church in a sermon scathingly rebuked 13 United States senators for chewing tobacco during the opening prayer by the chaplain of the senate.

"They showed lack of ordinary reverence to Almighty God," said Rev. Johnston to his hearers, a large assemblage of prominent summer residents here. "I was in Washington last June, and for about a week attended the sessions of the senate daily. I know the names of the senators, but I deem it improper to give them. I make no attack on the use of tobacco, for that is a personal privilege, but I do assail the lack of reverence shown to the deity by some public men. While I was in the senate chamber I saw 13 senators chewing tobacco during the opening prayer."

England Plans Larger Navy.

London, England.—Accepting Germany's challenge in the race for the largest navy, but declaring England's motive to be in the interests of peace and to prevent war, Winston Spencer Churchill, first lord of the admiralty, launched in the house of commons a movement that in five years will add twenty-one fighting vessels to the British fleet. The government's vast plan to add to the fighting strength of its navy takes the form of a supplementary naval appropriation of \$5,000,000, which was introduced by Churchill.

CARMI A. THOMPSON



Carmi A. Thompson, President Taft's new secretary, has been secretary of state of Ohio and before occupying that office he was speaker of the house in the Ohio legislature. Recently he has been first assistant secretary of the department of the interior.

BOY SLAYER KILLS SELF

MURDERER OF FOURTEEN-YEAR-OLD GIRL INHALES GAS.

Body of Young Man Who Had Confessed Committing Crime to Father Found in Tenement.

New York City.—The body of Nathan Swartz, whose father informed the police that his son was the slayer of 14-year-old Julia Connors, was found on the fourth floor of a tenement house on Chrystie street. Swartz had committed suicide by inhaling gas. The body was identified by Detective Joseph Brennan. Swartz had hired the room recently under the name of Max Hirsakowitz from Max Kaplan. Early in the day Kaplan smelled gas. On investigating he found Swartz in bed with the end of a gas tube that ran from the middle of the ceiling tied to his mouth.

Written in lead pencil on his collar were the words: "I am guilty and insane, caused by the beautiful makeup of women, which has made me passionate."

A letter was found addressed to Swartz's mother, in which he confessed his guilt and telling her not to cry her eyes out.

There were several pieces of newspaper lying around, and on one of these was written the sentence: "I was sorry the minute after I did it, so don't cry for me."

WILSON NAMES COMMITTEE

Democratic Nominee Picks Fourteen Men Who Will Have Charge of His Campaign.

Seagirt, N. J.—The Democratic campaign committee which will have supreme charge of the presidential campaign, was named by Governor Wilson. It consists of 14 members, with William F. McCombs, the chairman of the Democratic national committee, as chairman.

The other members are: Robert S. Hudspeth of New Jersey, Josephus Daniels of North Carolina, Willard Saulsbury of Delaware, Robert L. Ewing of Louisiana, A. Mitchell Palmer of Pennsylvania, Joseph E. Davies of Wisconsin, Will R. King of Oregon, all of whom are members of the national committee, and Senators Thomas P. Gore of Oklahoma, James A. O'Gorman of New York, and James A. Reed of Missouri; Representatives Daniel J. Mc Gillenduff of Maine, Albert S. Bursleson of Texas, and William G. McAdoo of New York city.

Berger Warns Colleagues.

Washington, D. C.—"We must have a new constitution or we shall have a bloody revolution!"

Victor Berger, the Wisconsin Socialist, gave this warning to his colleagues of the house in a speech on the doctrine of Socialism. Berger declared neither the Democratic nor the Republican party is the friend of the workingman, and also took a shot at the "Bull Moose." The Wisconsin representative insisted the candidates of both big parties are "backed by the bosses."

Nine Drown in Cloudburst.

Jacobs Creek, Pa.—In a cloudburst over the Jacobs Creek district nine persons were drowned. The family of John Raymond, a miner, including his wife and six children, was wiped out, only Raymond escaping. The mother and a brother of Mrs. Raymond also were drowned.

Four in Family Are Heroes.

New York City.—Four small children of William Frederica were carried ashore from a burning houseboat in Jamaica bay late at night by their father, mother and an elder sister and a brother.

The Frederick family was asleep when their boat was struck by lightning. The father took the youngest baby, the mother the oldest son, the sister and brother took the other two and then all plunged into the bay.

The sea was very high and the wind was blowing a gale.

SPLENDID OUTLOOK FOR CROPS IN WESTERN CANADA

RELIABLE INFORMATION FROM THE GRAIN FIELDS SHOW THAT THE PROSPECTS ARE GOOD.

This is the time of year when considerable anxiety is felt in all the northern agricultural districts as to the probable outcome of the growing crops. Central Canada, comprising the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, with their 16,000,000 acres of wheat, oats, barley and flax, of which 6,000,000 acres may be said to be sown to wheat alone, has become a great factor in the grain markets of the world. Besides this, government returns show that every state in the Union has representatives in these provinces, and naturally the friends of these representatives are anxious to hear of their success. It has never been said of that country that it is absolutely faultless. There are, and have been, districts that have experienced the vagaries of the weather, the same as in districts south of the boundary line between the two countries, but these are only such as are to be expected in any agricultural country. The past has proven that the agricultural possibilities of this portion of Canada are probably more attractive in every way than most countries where grain raising is the chief industry. The present year promises to be even better than past years, and in a month or six weeks it is felt there will be produced the evidence that warrants the enthusiasm of the present. Then these great broad acres will have the ripened wheat, oats, barley and flax, and the farmer, who has been looking forward to making his last payment on his big farm will be satisfied. At the time of writing, all crops give the promise of reaching the most sanguine expectations.

In the central portion of Alberta, it is said that crop conditions are more favorable than in any previous year. Heavy rains recently visited this part, and the whole of this grain growing section has been covered. Reports like the following come from all parts:

"Splendid heavy rain yesterday. Crops forging ahead. Great prospects. All grains more than a week ahead of last year. Weather warm last week. Good rains last night."

From southern Alberta the reports to hand indicate sufficient rain. Crops in excellent condition. Labor scarce. Throughout Saskatchewan all grains are looking well, and there has been sufficient rain to carry them through to harvest.

From all portions of Manitoba there comes an assurance of an abundant yield of all grains. Throughout southern Manitoba, where rain was needed a few weeks ago, there has lately been abundant precipitation, and that portion of the province will in all probability have a crop to equal the best anticipations. A large quantity of grain was sown on the stubble in the newer west, which is never a satisfactory method of farming, and may reduce the general average.

Taken altogether, the country is now fully two weeks in advance of last year, and in all grains the acreages sown are much larger than in 1911. This means that with auspicious weather the west will have the grandest harvest in its history. Two hundred and fifty million bushels of wheat has been mentioned as an estimate of the present growing crop, and it looks now as if that guess will be none too large.

Her Affections Dampened.

A little girl was playing at the table with her cup of water. Her father took the cup from her and in so doing accidentally spilled some of the water on her.

"There," she cried, as she left the table indignantly, "you wet me clear to my feelings."—Everybody's Magazine.

ECZEMA CAME ON SCALP

Lebanon, O.—"My eczema started on my thigh with a small pimple. It also came on my scalp. It began to itch and I began to scratch. For eighteen or twenty years I could not tell what I passed through with that awful itching. I would scratch until the blood would soak through my underwear, and I couldn't talk to my friends on the street but I would be digging and punching that spot, until I was very much ashamed. The itching was so intense I could not sleep after once in bed and warm. I certainly suffered torment with that eczema for many years."

"I chased after everything I ever heard of, but all to no avail. I saw the advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment and sent for a sample. Imagine my delight when I applied the first dose to that awful itching fire on my leg and scalp, in less than a minute the itching on both places ceased. I got some more Cuticura Soap and Ointment. After the second day I never had another itching spell, and Cuticura Soap and Ointment completely cured me. I was troubled with awful dandruff all over my scalp. The Cuticura Soap has cured that trouble." (Signed) L. R. Fink, Jan. 22, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."

The Cheerful Color.

Gabe—Do you ever get the blues? Steve—Not if I have the long green.

SAVED FROM AN OPERATION

How Mrs. Reed of Peoria, Ill., Escaped The Surgeon's Knife.

Peoria, Ill.—"I wish to let every one know what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. Forty years I suffered. The doctor said I had a tumor and the only remedy was the surgeon's knife. My mother bought me Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and today I am a well and healthy woman. For months I suffered from inflammation, and your Sanative Wash relieved me. I am glad to tell anyone what your medicines have done for me. You can use my testimonial in any way you wish, and I will be glad to answer letters."—Mrs. CHRISTINA REED, 105 Mound St., Peoria, Ill.



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Mrs. Lynch Also Avoided Operation.

Jessup, Pa.—"After the birth of my fourth child, I had severe organic inflammation. I would have such terrible pains that it did not seem as though I could stand it. This kept up for three long months, until two doctors decided that an operation was needed."

"Then one of my friends recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and after taking it for two months I was a well woman."—Mrs. JOSEPH A. LYNCH, Jessup, Pa.

Women who suffer from female ills should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, one of the most successful remedies the world has ever known, before submitting to a surgical operation.

Too Eager.

Fred Poyner, a Chicago dentist, was recently at a banquet given by the Dental association.

He said: "On one side is the right of things and on the other is wrong; sometimes the difference between the two is slight. As the following story shows: A gypsy upon release from jail met a friend. 'What were you in for?' asked the friend.

"I found a horse," the gypsy replied. "Found a horse? Nonsense! They would never put you in jail for finding a horse."

"Well, but you see I found him before the owner lost him."

To Protect the Flowers.

Edelweiss and other characteristic Swiss flowers are said to be in danger of total extinction because of the craze of tourists for collecting them. Women tourists especially are always anxious to take away souvenirs in the way of a plant, and do not simply pull the flowers, but dig up the plant. It is proposed to introduce a law that will prevent the buying, selling or digging of edelweiss, fire lily, Siberian spring crocus, Alpine columbine, the Daphne, Alpine violet or other national flower.

The Giveaway.

"Jane," said her father, "how does it happen that I find four good cigars on the mantelpiece this morning? Did Henry leave them for me?"

"No; he took them out of his vest pocket to avoid breaking them last night, and I guess he forgot all about them afterwards."

The laugh that followed made her wish that she had been as careful with her speech as Henry had been with his cigars.—Detroit Free Press.

Fit Punishment.

The Wicked Soul was sitting on a hot stove, drinking molten lava and fanning himself with a chunk of red hot sheet iron.

"And who is the poor wretch?" asked Dante.

"That," replied Satan, "is the first man who said, 'Is it hot enough for you?'"—Milwaukee Sentinel.

A WINNING START

A Perfectly Digested Breakfast Makes Nerve Force for the Day.

Everything goes wrong if the breakfast lies in your stomach like a mud pie. What you eat does harm if you can't digest it—it turns to poison.

A bright lady teacher found this to be true, even of an ordinary light breakfast of eggs and toast. She says:

"Two years ago I contracted a very annoying form of indigestion. My stomach was in such condition that a simple breakfast of fruit, toast and egg gave me great distress."

"I was slow to believe that trouble could come from such a simple diet, but finally had to give it up, and found a great change upon a cup of hot Postum and Grape-Nuts with cream, for my morning meal. For more than a year I have held to this course and have not suffered except when injudiciously varying my diet."

"I have been a teacher for several years and find that my easily digested breakfast means a saving of nervous force for the entire day. My gain of ten pounds in weight also causes me to want to testify to the value of Grape-Nuts."

"Grape-Nuts holds first rank at our table."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason." Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pinks.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.